

Romozosumab: Patient drug information

Brand Names: US: Evenity

Warning

- This drug may raise the risk of heart attack, stroke, and death from heart or blood vessel disease. Do not take this drug if you have had a heart attack or stroke in the past year.
- Call your doctor or get medical help right away if you have signs of heart attack or stroke. This includes chest pain or pressure, shortness of breath, dizziness or passing out, severe headache, weakness on one side of the body, trouble speaking or thinking, change in eyesight or balance, or drooping on one side of the face.

What is this drug used for?

- It is used to treat soft, brittle bones (osteoporosis) after menopause.

What do I need to tell my doctor BEFORE I take this drug?

- If you are allergic to this drug; any part of this drug; or any other drugs, foods, or substances. Tell your doctor about the allergy and what signs you had.
- If you have low calcium levels.

What are some things I need to know or do while I take this drug?

- Tell all of your health care providers that you take this drug. This includes your doctors, nurses, pharmacists, and dentists.
- Have blood work checked as you have been told by the doctor.
- Take calcium and vitamin D as you were told by your doctor.
- Have a dental exam before starting this drug. Take good care of your teeth. See a dentist often.
- This drug may raise the chance of a broken leg.
- Have a bone density test as you have been told by your doctor.

What are some side effects that I need to call my doctor about right away?

- Signs of an allergic reaction, like rash; hives; itching; red, swollen, blistered, or peeling skin with or without fever; wheezing; tightness in the chest or throat;

trouble breathing, swallowing, or talking; unusual hoarseness; or swelling of the mouth, face, lips, tongue, or throat.

- Signs of low calcium levels like muscle cramps or spasms, numbness and tingling, or seizures.

- Any new or strange groin, hip, or thigh pain.

- This drug may cause jawbone problems. The risk may be higher with longer use, cancer, dental problems, ill-fitting dentures, anemia, blood clotting problems, or infection. It may also be higher if you have dental work, chemo, radiation, or take other drugs that may cause jawbone problems. Many drugs can do this. Call your doctor right away if you have jaw swelling or pain.

What are some other side effects of this drug?

All drugs may cause side effects. However, many people have no side effects or only have minor side effects. Call your doctor or get medical help if any of these side effects or any other side effects bother you or do not go away:

- Joint pain.

- Headache.

How is this drug best taken?

- It is given as a shot into the fatty part of the skin on the top of the thigh, belly area, or upper arm.